## Perimeter, Area, and Volume of Shapes

| Shape | Formulas <br> Square <br> Area $=$ side $\times$ side $=$ side $^{2}$ <br> $\mathbf{A}=\mathbf{s}^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: |

Units of perimeter and circumference are always linear units such as inches, feet, meters, and so on. The units of area are always square units, such as square inches ( $\mathrm{in}^{2}$ ), square feet $\left(\mathrm{ft}^{2}\right)$, square kilometers $\left(\mathrm{km}^{2}\right)$, etc.. Similarly, units of volume are cubic units, such as cubic inches ( $\mathrm{in}^{3}$ ), cubic yards $\left(\mathrm{yd}^{3}\right)$, cubic centimeters, $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{3}\right)$, etc.

## Perimeter, Area, and Volume of Shapes

| Shape | Formulas |
| :---: | :---: |
| Rectangle | Rectangle $\begin{aligned} & \text { Area }=\text { length } \times \text { width } \\ & \mathbf{A}=\mathbf{L} \times \mathbf{W} \\ & \text { Perimeter }=2 \text { (length }+ \text { width }) \\ & \mathbf{P}=\mathbf{2 L}+\mathbf{2 W} \end{aligned}$ |
| Rectangular Solid | Rectangular Solid <br> Volume $=$ Length $\times$ width $\times$ height $V=L \cdot w \cdot h$ <br> Surface Area $=\mathbf{2 L w}+\mathbf{2 h L}+\mathbf{2 h w}$ |
| Sphere | Sphere $\begin{aligned} & \text { Volume }=\frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times \text { radius }^{3} \\ & \mathbf{V}=\frac{4}{3} \pi \mathbf{r}^{3} \end{aligned}$ <br> Surface Area $=4 \times \pi \times$ radius $^{2}$ $S A=4 \cdot \pi \cdot r^{2}$ |
| Right Circular Cylinder | Right Circular Cylinder <br> Volume $=\pi \times$ radius $^{2} \times$ height $\mathrm{V}=\pi \cdot \mathrm{r}^{2} \mathrm{~h}$ <br> Surface Area $=2 \times \pi \times$ radius $\times$ height + $2 \times \pi \times$ radius $^{2}$ $S A=2 \cdot \pi \cdot r \cdot h+2 \cdot \pi \cdot r^{2}$ |
| Right Circular Cone | Right Circular Cone $\begin{aligned} & \text { Volume }=\frac{1}{3} \pi \times \text { radius }^{2} \times \text { height } \\ & V=\frac{1}{3} \pi \cdot r^{2} h \end{aligned}$ <br> Surface Area $=\pi \cdot r\left(r+\sqrt{\mathbf{h}^{2}+\mathbf{r}^{2}}\right)$ |
| Units of perimeter and circumference are always linear units such as inches, feet, meters, and so on. The units of area are always square units, such as square inches (in ${ }^{2}$ ), square feet $\left(\mathrm{ft}^{2}\right)$, square kilometers $\left(\mathrm{km}^{2}\right)$, etc.. Similarly, units of volume are cubic units, such as cubic inches $\left(\mathrm{in}^{3}\right)$, cubic yards $\left(\mathrm{yd}^{3}\right)$, cubic centimeters, $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{3}\right)$, etc. |  |

